



Peroxynitrite-Induced Apoptosis in FaDu Cells is Correlated with the Up-Regulation of *PDCD4* Gene

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SUMMARY. Peroxynitrite (ONOO⁻) is a highly reactive species that attacks a range of biological targets. The present study was designed to investigate the effect of ONOO⁻ on FaDu cells, a human hypopharyngeal cancer cell line, with special attention given to the *PDCD4* gene expression in response to this oxidative stress. The *in vitro* cultured FaDu cells were subjected to various concentrations of ONOO⁻, then, the cell viability and morphological changes were examined by MTT assay and acridine orange staining, respectively. The protein expressions of Caspase-9, Caspase-3, and *PDCD4* were determined by western blot and the mRNA expression of *PDCD4* was analyzed by RT-PCR. This work demonstrated that ONOO⁻ could inhibit the proliferation and induce apoptosis of FaDu cells. The protein expressions of Caspase-9, Caspase-3, and *PDCD4* were up-regulated and, meanwhile, the mRNA expression of *PDCD4* was increased, in response to ONOO⁻. These data suggest that ONOO⁻ can effectively suppress proliferation of FaDu cells via triggering the apoptotic pathway. *PDCD4* gene may play an important role in ONOO⁻-induced apoptosis in FaDu cells, which may offer a new target for the treatment of hypopharyngeal carcinoma.

KEY WORDS: Apoptosis, FaDu cells, *PDCD4* gene, Peroxynitrite.

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