

y divertidas. No deben superar los 25 minutos, ya que luego se empieza a perder la atención de los niños. Además, se deben tener en claro en todo momento los pilares en los que se centra la charla, que son: 1. Promover hábitos saludables de alimentación e higiene bucal, y el consumo de agua potable fluorizada. 2. Fomentar el autocuidado en salud bucal de las comunidades educativas. 3. Integrar a los padres y apoderados de los niños y niñas en el cuidado de sus dientes

Compromised with The Future Of The Mouth Health.

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Place of Work. Preventive and Social odontology

Introduction and objectives in primary health care, actions of prevention, promotion and health education are developed for all individuals with or without oral diseases. It is important to note that these activities are aimed at stopping the progression of diseases that have their place in the oral cavity or preventing their appearance. Activities carried out It is important that people become aware of the importance of maintaining an adequate oral health, as well as preventing the most frequent oral diseases: caries, gingivitis, periodontal disease and dentomaxillary anomalies. The prevention of these health problems is the most effective way to prevent their appearance, through simple measures taken at home, kindergarten and school. The Program for the Promotion and Prevention of Oral Health for Children under 6 years of age has the purpose of improving the oral health of the preschool population, so that they stay healthy and acquire the necessary tools to continue this condition. An applied experimental research was carried out, through a group educational intervention, with the purpose of modifying the oral health knowledge in the children of the Emanuel garden located in the town of Lisandro Olmos, we conducted educational talks with around 100 children from 2 to 5 years in which we explained how many times per day they should brush their teeth, brushing technique, explaining competent subjects with adequate nutrition to prevent the appearance of cavities. To do this we diagram didactic material such as brushes, animated wheel images, etc. And we use macromodels to be able to transmit the appropriate way of doing it. We also made games in which we showed "good and bad" foods and they had to indicate which belonged to each category. To work with children at such an early age it is very important to make games and bring materials that capture your attention, adding that the talks should be educational, concise and fun. They should not exceed 25 minutes, since then the attention of children begins to be lost. In addition, the pillars on which the talk is centered must be clearly understood at all times, which are: 1. Promote healthy eating habits and oral hygiene, and the consumption of fluoridated drinking water. 2. Promote self-care in oral health of educational communities. 3. Integrate parents and guardians of children in the care of their teeth

Results, In the results there can estimate that when ask how many children were brushing his teeth 3/4 times per day nobody was raising the hand, and only half was doing if we were asking if 2 times were brushing themselves 1/a day, or that did not know that the brushed one more importantly of the day is the night one, not that is fundamental the brushed one of the language. Besides that they must eat few sweets and in case of eating they must brush his teeth at once. Conclusions, The activities of promotion and education for the health are the base to achieve changes in the situation of health estomatológica, since they allow to identify and to act on the diverse factors that determine the autocare (Reinforcing favorable and removing unfavorable).

*Título Nº 116 Con Capacidad Para La Discapacidad.*

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Introducción: El Partido de la costa, ubicado en la provincia de Buenos Aires comprende diferentes localidades (San Clemente, La Lucila, Santa teresita, Mar de Ajo, Costa del Este, Aguas verdes, Mar del Tuyú, Nueva Atlantis, Punta Médanos, etc). Para todas las mencionadas anteriormente solo dos odontólogas trabajan en la temática de discapacidad viéndose superadas ante la demanda. El Municipio

del Partido de la Costa se puso en contacto con nuestra Facultad planteando esta problemática. Es por esto que desde la Secretaría de Extensión surge la idea de llevar a cabo un proyecto que fortalezca a los servicios públicos de atención odontológica a personas con discapacidad. Para la atención de los mismos se realizará la técnica PRAT (Practica restaurativa atraumática) avalada por la OMS, la cual se fundamenta en la remoción total de tejido cariado con instrumental de mano y la posterior colocación de un material de restauración, modificada con uso de cariostáticos como Flúor Diaminico de Plata al 38% para las piezas dentarias permanentes, generando una detención del avance de la enfermedad y una remineralización del remanente dentario con una técnica sencilla y rápida no obstante eso, esta técnica se realiza sin el uso de anestesia (lo cual es beneficioso en pacientes discapacitados) . Objetivo General: Brindar Atención Primaria de la Salud en los niños discapacitados; con participación comunitaria y fuerte contenido preventivo que garantice un impacto en la salud de la comunidad del Partido de La Costa. Objetivos específicos: Concientizar a la población sobre la importancia del cuidado de la salud bucal; Lograr la integración de los niños discapacitados.; Capacitar a estudiantes de odontología en Atención Primaria de Salud en pacientes de alto riesgo y Técnica Restaurativa Atraumática; Capacitar a odontólogos y personal de salud del Partido de La Costa y zonas aledañas en Atención Primaria de Salud a pacientes de alto riesgo y Técnica Restaurativa Atraumática.; Disminuir los índices de CPOD, CPOS, ceod y ceos. O'Leary; Aumentar el índice de Diente Sano. Formar Multiplicadores de Salud; Reforzar el uso de fluoruros semestrales en la comunidad.

With Capacity For Disability

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Introduction: The Coast Party, located in the province of Buenos Aires includes different locations (San Clemente, La Lucila, Santa teresita, Mar de Ajo, Costa del Este, Aguas verdes, Mar del Tuyú, Nueva Atlantis, Punta Médanos, etc. For all those mentioned above only two dentists work in the field of disability being surpassed by the demand. The Municipality of the Party of the Coast got in touch with our Faculty raising this problem. That is why from the Extension Secretariat comes the idea of carrying out a project that strengthens public dental care services for people with disabilities. The PRAT technique (atraumatic restorative practice) endorsed by the WHO, which is based on the total removal of decayed tissue with hand instruments and the subsequent placement of a restoration material, modified with the use of cariostatics such as 38% Silver Diamine Fluorine for permanent dental pieces, generating a stoppage of the disease progression and a remineralization of the dental remnant with a simple and rapid technique. However, this technique is performed without the use of anesthesia (which is beneficial in disabled patients). General Objective: Provide Primary Health Care for disabled children; with community participation and strong preventive content that guarantees an impact on the health of the community of the La Costa Party. Specific objectives: Raise awareness among the population about the importance of oral health care; Achieve the integration of disabled children; To train dentistry students in Primary Health Care in high-risk patients and Atraumatic Restorative Technique; Train dentists and health personnel of the La Costa Party and surrounding areas in Primary Health Care for high-risk patients and Atraumatic Restorative Technique; Decrease the CPOD, CPOS, ceod and ceos indexes. O'Leary; Increase the Healthy Tooth Index. Form Health Multipliers; Reinforce the use of bi-annual fluorides in the community.