



Antimicrobial and Cytotoxic Activity of Fruit Extract from *Syzygium cumini* (L.) Skeels

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SUMMARY. The aim of the present study was to evaluate the antimicrobial and cytotoxic activity of the ethanolic extract of *S. cumini* according to the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute reference method (with modifications), determining the minimal inhibitory and lethal concentration. Activity against Gram-positive (*Staphylococcus aureus* and *S. epidermidis*), Gram-negative (*Pseudomonas aeruginosa*) and yeast of *Candida* sp and *Cryptococcus neoformans* was evaluated. The effects of the fruit extract were examined in hamster cells ovaries in concentrations ranging from 1250.0 a 4.9 µg/ml, measuring the reduction of the tetrazolium salt 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-5-(3-carboxymethoxyphenyl)-2-(4-sulphophenyl)-2H-tetrazolium. The extract showed both bactericidal and fungicidal activity among the various microorganisms tested and the MIC ranging from 7.8 to 250 µg/ml. The MIC, MBC and MFC should values that were similar for all the microorganisms. Cytotoxicity index of the dried extract corresponded to the concentration of 400 µg/ml. The extract could potentially be used in topical antimicrobial products. Thus, the activity of extract was potent to bacteria and mainly to non-*albicans* species and *C. neoformans*.

KEY WORDS: Antibacterial, Antifungal, Antimicrobial activity, Cytotoxic activity, Jambolan, Minimum inhibitory concentration, Minimal lethal concentration, *Syzygium cumini*.

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