Original Article Received: January 25, 2010 Revised version: June 13, 2010 Accepted: June 20, 2010

Simultaneous Determination of Antiretroviral Zidovudine, Lamivudine and Efavirenz by RP HPLC-DAD

Mônica F. de L.R. SOARES ¹, José L. SOARES-SOBRINHO ¹, Keyla E. R. da SILVA ², Larissa A. ROLIM ², Lariza D.S. ALVES ² & Pedro J. ROLIM-NETO ^{2*}

¹ Core of Pharmaceutical Technology - NTF. Federal University of Piauí - UFPI. Campus Universitário Ministro Petrônio Portella, s/n, Ininga, 64.049-550. Teresina – PI, Brazil. ² Laboratory of Medicines Technology - LTM, Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Federal University of Pernambuco – UFPE. Arthur de Sá, s/n. Cidade Universitária, 50740-521. Recife – PE, Brazil.

SUMMARY. A reverse phase high-performance liquid chromatography-photodiode array detector (RP HPLC-DAD) method for simultaneous determination of lamivudine (3TC), zidovudine (AZT), two nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors, and efavirenz (EFV), a non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor, in tablets is described. The drugs separation was performed on a C18 column (250 x 4,6 mm, 5 μm - Phenomenex®), through a mobile phase drag composed by a binary gradient of acetonitrile and water HPLC grade. The drugs detection was performed at 248 nm, resulting in a 14 min chromatographic run. The samples were prepared by crushing tablets, weighing powder, diluting it by a 10 min sonication and filtrating solution, resulting in samples with final concentration of 20, 40 e 40 $\mu g.mL^{-1}$ of 3TC, AZT and EFV, respectively. The method was adequate for quality control purposes and was validated following the ICH guidelines.

KEY WORDS: Analytical method, Efavirenz, Lamivudine, RP HPLC-DAD, Validation, Zidovudine.

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed. E-Mail: pedro.rolim@pq.cnpq.br

ISSN 0326-2383 273