



Synthesis and Preliminary Pharmacological Evaluation of Methoxilated Indoles with Possible Dopaminergic Central Action

Jorge E. ANGEL GUÍO ¹, Ana SANTIAGO ², Roberto ROSSI ², Biagina MIGLIORE de ANGEL ³, Silvia BAROLO ², Sebastián ANDUJAR ⁴, Verónica HERNÁNDEZ ^{1,3}, Cecire ROSALES ^{1,3}, Jaime E CHARRIS ⁵, Heberto SUÁREZ-ROCA ³, Anita ISRAEL ⁶, María M RAMÍREZ ¹, José ORTEGA ¹, Natividad HERRERA CANO ² & Ricardo D. ENRIZ ^{4*}

¹ *Laboratorio de Síntesis Orgánica y Diseño de Fármacos. Departamento de Química. Facultad Experimental de Ciencias. Universidad del Zulia, Venezuela.*

² *INFIQC. Departamento de Química Orgánica. Facultad de Ciencias Químicas. Universidad Nacional de Córdoba. Ciudad Universitaria 5000, Córdoba, Argentina.*

³ *Sección de Farmacología. Instituto de Investigaciones Clínicas "Dr. Américo Negrette". Facultad de Medicina. Universidad del Zulia, Venezuela.*

⁴ *Departamento de Química, Universidad Nacional de San Luis, IMIBIO-SL (CONICET), Chacabuco 915, 5700 San Luis, Argentina.*

⁵ *Laboratorio de Síntesis Orgánica y* ⁶ *Laboratorio de Neuropeptidos. Facultad de Farmacia. Universidad Central de Venezuela, Caracas, Venezuela.*

SUMMARY. Compounds **5-7** were synthesized from 4-tetralones with o-iodoanilines by a radical nucleophilic substitution or SRN1 reaction, and were pharmacologically evaluated in order to establish their possible antagonistic action on the central dopaminergic receptors. Behavioural parameters, such as stereotypy in rats were measured after intracerebroventricular administration of these compounds at doses of 10 $\mu\text{g}/5 \mu\text{L}$. Our results demonstrate that compounds **5-7** do not affect stereotypy behaviour. However, they inhibit the apomorphine-induced stereotypy behaviour, suggesting the involvement of the central dopaminergic system. Also we observe that there is a concordance between the behavioural profiles induced by our compounds and those reported for clozapine **8** and ziprasidone **9**. It is plausible to suggest that compounds **5-7** could be acting as potential atypical antipsychotic agents. Quantum calculations performed on the basis of a comparative conformational study of their structures indicate a stereoelectronic similarity between the basic nuclei of compounds **4** and **5-7**. In addition Molecular Dynamics (MD) simulations performed on compounds **5-7** at the binding site of dopamine D₂ receptor suggest that these compounds could interact with the human D₂ dopamine receptors.

KEY WORDS: Antagonists, Dopaminergic receptors, Neurotransmitters, Quantum calculations, SRN1 Reactions.

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed: *E-mail:* denriz@unsl.edu.ar